

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

KMK 1601 VETRORESINA PUTTY

Version Revision Date: 1.3 24.04.2018

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : KMK 1601 VETRORESINA PUTTY

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Bodywork repair putty.

Substance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions

on use

: For use in industrial installations or professional treatment

only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Kimakem srl

Via Don G. Fortuna 82 36050 Monteviale-Vicenza

Italia

Telephone : +39 0444 1220020

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: info@kimakem.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+39 0444 1220020 (Mon to Fri - 8:30 to 17:30)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 1

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Italian Automative Refinish

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Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.
P260 Do not breathe vapours.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or

alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

styrene

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures



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Chemical nature : Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
styrene	100-42-5 202-851-5 601-026-00-0 01-2119457861-32	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 10 - < 20
2,2'-(m-tolylimino)diethanol	91-99-6 202-114-8	Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 0.1 - < 1
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7 205-250-6 01-2119524678-29	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Repr. 1B; H360Fd Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0.1 - < 0.25

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.



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Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

> Headache Dizziness Fatigue Weakness

Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:

Abdominal pain

Nausea Vomiting Diarrhoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: No information available. Treatment

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

firefighting

Specific hazards during : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

products

Hazardous combustion : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.



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For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

> Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible Methods for cleaning up

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.



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Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety

standards.

Storage period : 12 Months

Further information on

storage stability

: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For the use of this product do not exist particular

recommendations apart from that already indicated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parameters	Basis
		of exposure)		
Talc	14807-96-6	TWA (Respirable	1 mg/m3	GB EH40
		dust)		
Further information	fractions of air in accordance sampling and defined as the including chlo amphibole asl substance has concentration inhalable dust any dust will be Some dusts he comply with the wide range of particle after eath it elicits, of two size fractions.	borne dust which with the methods do gravimetric analysis is mineral talc together ite and carbonate moestos and crystalling ardous to health incin air equal to or great or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour the subject to COSH-bave been assigned so appropriate limit., sizes. The behavious entry into the human depend on the nature ons for limit-setting paragraphs.	espirable dust and inhalable II be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Generof respirable and inhalable of rewith other hydrous phyllosi paterials which occur with it, I be silica., The COSHH definition definition of any kind when eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This I if people are exposed above specific WELs and exposure Most industrial dusts contain any deposition and fate of any respiratory system and the beand size of the particle. HS ourposes termed 'inhalable' are fraction of airborne material and is therefore available for	g is undertaken ral methods for dust, Talc is discates out excluding on of a present at a TWA of a means that e these levels. to these must a particular pody response E distinguishes and 'respirable'., I that enters the



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styrene	penetrates to explanatory m components the be complied w	the gas exchang naterial are given hat have their ow vith., Where no sp	e dust approximates to the e region of the lung. Fuller in MDHS14/3., Where dust assigned WEL, all the repecific short-term exposure exposure should be used 100 ppm 430 mg/m3 250 ppm 1,080 mg/m3 20 ppm	r definitions and sts contain elevant limits should e limit is listed, a
		STEL	85 mg/m3 40 ppm	
		0.22	170 mg/m3	
calcium carbonate Further information	471-34-1	TWA (Inhalable		GB EH40
	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
		TWA (Respirable)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system			



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		GB EH40	
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes of kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater the 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirations means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific Will exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respirant the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and sparticle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting pur inhalable and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the frairborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respiration approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MD Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposured.	is undertaken al methods for ust, The dust of any han 10 mg.m-3 rable dust. e exposed /ELs and industrial deposition piratory system size of the rposes termed fraction of ing and is able dust e region of the DHS14/3., WEL, all the t-t-term ure should be	
	TWA (Respirable 4 mg/m3 dust)	GB EH40	
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes of kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater the 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirations means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific Will exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respirand the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and sparticle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting pur	is undertaken al methods for ust, The dust of any han 10 mg.m-3 rable dust. e exposed /ELs and industrial deposition piratory system size of the	



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askalthia/O	airborne mate therefore avai approximates lung. Fuller de Where dusts of relevant limits exposure limit used	rial that enters lable for depose to the fraction efinitions and econtain composes should be contain is listed, a figure	xplanatory material are nents that have their ow nplied with., Where no sure three times the long-	ring breathing and is ract. Respirable dust as exchange region of the given in MDHS14/3., in assigned WEL, all the pecific short-term exposure should be
cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	TWA	0.1 mg/m3 (Cobalt)	GB EH40
Further information	and respirator responsivener airways have sometimes ever symptoms can who are exposimpossible to responsive. Significant of the symptoms of th	ry sensitisers) of services via an immulated to tiny quarter to tiny quarter to tiny quarter to a sensition of the control to prevent the cancause of the canc	occupational asthma (algorithm asthma) (algorithm) or other exponsive, further exponsive for a cause occupation of the exponsive for a cause occupation occ	er mechanism. Once the osure to the substance, atory symptoms. These o asthma. Not all workers responsive and it is y to become hyperional asthma should be expressed as reasonably practicable, I asthma should be in the second of the second

cause cancer'; 'R46: may cause heritable genetic damage'; 'R49: May cause cancer by inhalation' or - a substance or process listed in Schedule 1 of COSHH., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used, Carcinogenic applies for cobalt dichloride and sulphate., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma.



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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
styrene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	85 mg/m3
calcium carbonate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	10 mg/m3
cobalt bis(2- ethylhexanoate)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.2351 mg/m3

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Respiratory protection

Material Solvent-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection Impervious clothing

> Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an

approved filter.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance paste

Colour green

Odour characteristic

Not applicable pН

Melting point/range not determined

Boiling point/boiling range not determined

Flash point 32 °C

Method: ISO 1523, closed cup Setaflash, (flash point: styrene)

Upper explosion limit / Upper : not determined

flammability limit



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Lower explosion limit / Lower : not determined

flammability limit

Vapour pressure : not determined

: 1.64 g/cm3 (20 °C) Density

Method: ISO 2811-1

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : immiscible

Auto-ignition temperature : not determined

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20.5 mm2/s (40 °C)

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids and oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition : Carbon monoxide

products



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Components:

styrene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 2,650 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 11.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,129 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Assessment

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity -

Assessment

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated

exposure, category 1.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

styrene:

: LC50 (Fish): 9 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 4.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202



Toxicity to algae

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: EC50 (Algae): 1.4 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate):

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Fish): 275 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

: EC50 (Algae): 0.14 mg/l Toxicity to algae

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic

toxicity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic : 1

toxicity)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

information

: There is no data available for this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.



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Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : 23 g/l

Directive 2004/42/EC : Body filler/stopper (250 g/l)

Other regulations:

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.



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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 : Toxic if swallowed.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H360Fd : May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn

child.

H361d : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic : Chronic aquatic toxicity

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;



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KMK 1601 VETRORESINA PUTTY

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NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Phillippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to : http://echa.europa.eu, http://eur-lex.europa.eu

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Classification of the mixture:	Classification procedure:
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Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Repr. 2	H361d	Calculation method
STOT RE 1	H372	Based on product data or assessment

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