



SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS Product identifier:

S-34400 WHITE PRIMER FILLER SPRAY 400 ML

Other means of identification:

Non-applicable

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Spray paint. For professional user/industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

Kimakem srl Via Don G. Fortuna 82 36050 Monteviale - Vicenza -Italia Phone.: +39 0444 1220020 info@kimakem.com

1.4 Emergency phone number: +39 0444 1220020 (Mon to Fri - 8:30 to 17:30)

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

NFPA:

Health Hazards: 2 Flammability Hazards: 4 Instability Hazards: 0 Special Hazards: Non-applicable

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Aerosol 1: Flammable aerosols, Category 1, H222

Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319 Press. Gas: Pressure Gases, H280

Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity if swallowed, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

2.2 Label elements:





29 CFR 1910.1200:

Danger



Hazard statements:

Aerosol 1: H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated. Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). **Precautionary statements:**





SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

- P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- P261: Avoid breathing spray.
- P264: Wash thoroughly after use.
- P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Substances that contribute to the classification

Xylene; 2-butanone oxime

Additional labeling:

FEDERAL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES ACT REGULATIONS (§1500.130 Self-pressurized containers: labeling):

Warning—contents under pressure.

Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120 °F. Keep out of the reach of children.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Aerosol

Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration	
CAS:	115-10-6	dimethyl ether Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	30 - <50 %	
CAS:	123-86-4	N-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	10 - <20 %	
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	5 - <10 %	
CAS:	13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm) Carc. 2: H351 - Warning	5 - <10 %	
CAS:	78-93-3	Butanone Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	1 - <2,5 %	
CAS:	96-29-7	2-butanone oxime Acute Tox. 4: H312; Acute Tox. 5: H303; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 4: H227; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger	0,05 - <0,3 %	
To ob	To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.			

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.





SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

By inhalation:

This product is not classified as hazardous through inhalation, however, it is recommended in case of intoxication symptoms to remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms persist.

By skin contact:

May cause an allergic skin reaction. In case of contact it is recommended to clean the affected area thoroughly with water and neutral soap. In case of modifications on the skin (stinging, redness, rashes, blisters,...), seek medical advice with this Safety data Sheet

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.





SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:	41 °F
Maximum Temp.:	86 °F
Maximum time:	120 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
N-butyl acetate	8-hour TWA PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m ³
CAS: 123-86-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
propan-2-ol	8-hour TWA PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m ³
CAS: 67-63-0	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Ethylbenzene	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³
CAS: 100-41-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Butanone	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	590 mg/m ³
CAS: 78-93-3	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Barium Sulfate	8-hour TWA PEL		0.5 mg/m ³
CAS: 7727-43-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Xylene	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³
CAS: 1330-20-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
2-methylpropan-1-ol	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	300 mg/m ³
CAS: 78-83-1	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		





SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		nits
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm)	8-hour TWA PEL		15 mg/m ³
CAS: 13463-67-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values:

Identification		Occupa	ational exposure lir	nits
N-butyl acetate	TL	LV-TWA	20 ppm	
CAS: 123-86-4	тι	LV-STEL		
propan-2-ol	TL	LV-TWA	200 ppm	
CAS: 67-63-0	TL	LV-STEL	400 ppm	
Ethylbenzene	TL	LV-TWA	20 ppm	
CAS: 100-41-4	TL	LV-STEL		
Butanone	TL	LV-TWA	50 ppm	
CAS: 78-93-3	тι	LV-STEL	100 ppm	
Barium Sulfate	TL	LV-TWA		5 mg/m ³
CAS: 7727-43-7	TL	LV-STEL		
Xylene	TL	LV-TWA	100 ppm	
CAS: 1330-20-7	TL	LV-STEL	150 ppm	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	TL	LV-TWA	50 ppm	
CAS: 78-83-1	TL	LV-STEL		
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm)	TL	LV-TWA		10 mg/m ³
CAS: 13463-67-7	TL	LV-STEL		
dimethyl ether	TL	LV-TWA	1000 ppm	
CAS: 115-10-6	TL	LV-STEL		

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupa	ational exposure lir	nits
N-butyl acetate	PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m ³
CAS: 123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm	950 mg/m ³
propan-2-ol	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m ³
CAS: 67-63-0	STEL	500 ppm	1225 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene	PEL	5 ppm	22 mg/m ³
CAS: 100-41-4	STEL	30 ppm	130 mg/m ³
Barium Sulfate	PEL		0.5 mg/m ³
CAS: 7727-43-7	STEL		
Xylene	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m ³
2-methylpropan-1-ol	PEL	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³
CAS: 78-83-1	STEL		

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

	Pictogram	PPE	Remarks	
	Compulsory use of face mask	Filter mask for particles	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR).	
C 5	- Specific protection for the hands			





SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer 's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

National volatile organic compound emission standards (40 CFR Part 59):

V.O.C. (Subpart C - Consumer): 76.01 % weight

V.O.C. (Coatings) at 68 °F:

667.39 kg/m³ (667.39 g/L)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1	9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties: For complete information see the product datasheet. Appearance: Physical state at 68 °F: Aerosol Appearance: Not available	
	Color:	White
	Odor:	Not available
	Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *
	Volatility:	
	Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	-13 °F (Propellant)
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.	





SECT	ION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	(continued)
	Vapour pressure at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Vapour pressure at 122 °F:	<300000 Pa (300 kPa)
	Evaporation rate at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Product description:	
	Density at 68 °F:	878 kg/m³
	Relative density at 68 °F:	0.878
	Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Concentration:	Non-applicable *
	pH:	Non-applicable *
	Vapour density at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Solubility in water at 68 °F:	
	Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
	Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
	Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
	Recipient pressure:	Non-applicable *
	Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
	Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
	Flammability:	
	Flash Point:	-42 °F (Propellant)
	Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
	Autoignition temperature:	464 °F (Propellant)
	Lower flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
	Upper flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
	Explosive:	
	Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
	Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
9.2	Other information:	
	Surface tension at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Refraction index:	Non-applicable *
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing inform	nation property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable





SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. With possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health, it is recommended not to breathe the vapours for long periods of time.

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.

- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
 - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous with carcinogenic effects. For more information see section 3.

IARC: propan-2-ol (3); Ethylbenzene (2B); Mica (RCS < 1%) (1); Xylene (3); Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3); Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm) (2B)

- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.





SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

CAS 13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm): The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity	Genus
N-butyl acetate	LD50 oral 12789 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 dermal 14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation 23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Butanone	LD50 oral 4000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 dermal 6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation 23.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene	LD50 oral 2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal 1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation 11 mg/L (4 h) (ATE	i)
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm)	LD50 oral 10000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 13463-67-7	LD50 dermal 10000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation >5 mg/L (4 h)	
dimethyl ether	LD50 oral >5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 115-10-6	LD50 dermal >5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation 308.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-butanone oxime	LD50 oral 100 mg/kg	
CAS: 96-29-7	LD50 dermal 1100 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation >20 mg/L	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	LC50	Non-applicable		
CAS: 123-86-4	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Butanone	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 78-93-3	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Algae

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	De	gradability	Biodegradability	
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	84 %
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Butanone	BOD5	2.03 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 78-93-3	COD	2.31 g O2/g	Period	20 days
	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %





SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
2-butanone oxime	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 96-29-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	24 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification		Bioaccumulation potential		
N-butyl acetate		BCF	4	
CAS: 123-86-4		Pow Log	1.78	
		Potential	Low	
Xylene		BCF	9	
CAS: 1330-20-7		Pow Log	2.77	
		Potential	Low	
Butanone		BCF	3	
CAS: 78-93-3		Pow Log	0.29	
		Potential	Low	
2-butanone oxime		BCF	5	
CAS: 96-29-7		Pow Log	0.59	
		Potential	Low	

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorp	tion/desorption	Volat	ility
dimethyl ether	Кос	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 115-10-6	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	1.136E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
N-butyl acetate	Кос	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m ³ /mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Butanone	Кос	30	Henry	5.77 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 78-93-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.396E-2 N/m (77 ºF)	Moist soil	Yes
2-butanone oxime	Кос	3	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-29-7	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.57E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods:

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE



Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

S-34400 WHITE PRIMER FILLER SPRAY 400 ML



SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION Transport of dangerous goods by land: With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: 14.1 UN number: UN1950 AEROSOLS, flammable 14.2 UN proper shipping name: 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 2 Labels: 2.1 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: N/A 14.5 Marine pollutant: No 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 14.7 Transport in bulk (according Non-applicable to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Transport of dangerous goods by sea: With regard to IMDG 39-18: 14.1 UN number: UN1950 14.2 UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, flammable 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 2 Labels: 2.1 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: N/A 14.5 Marine pollutant: No 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises Special regulations: 63, 959, 190, 277, 327, 344 EmS Codes: F-D, S-U Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 Limited quantities: 11 Segregation group: Non-applicable 14.7 Transport in bulk (according Non-applicable to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Transport of dangerous goods by air: With regard to IATA/ICAO 2021: 14.1 UN number: UN1950 AEROSOLS, flammable 14.2 UN proper shipping name: 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 2 Labels: 2.1 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: N/A 14.5 Marine pollutant: No 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 14.7 Transport in bulk (according Non-applicable to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:





SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued) SARA Title III - Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting (Section 313): Xylene California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \text{ um}$) The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Butanone ; 2-butanone oxime Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm); Butanone New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \ \mu m$); Butanone New York RTK - Substance list: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \ \mu m$) ; Butanone Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Butanone CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm); Butanone; 2-butanone oxime CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm); Butanone; 2-butanone oxime Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm); Butanone OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Xylene Hazardous substances release notification under CERCLA sections 102-103 (40 CFR Part 302): N-butyl acetate (5000 pounds); Xylene (100 pounds) ; Butanone (5000 pounds) Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment: It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

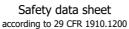
Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
- H280: Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.
- H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

29 CFR 1910.1200:









SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued) Acute Tox. 4: H312 - Harmful in contact with skin. Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Acute Tox. 5: H303 - May be harmful if swallowed. Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer (Inhalation). Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage. Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Gas 1A: H220 - Extremely flammable gas. Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flam. Lig. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. Flam. Liq. 4: H227 - Combustible liquid. Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated. Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation. Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Advice related to training: Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. Principal bibliographical sources: Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA). Abbreviations and acronyms: IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 CL50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

Manufacturer Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety date sheet ("SDS") is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation. Furthermore, is based on data believed to be accurate; thus, the company does not assume any liability for its accuracy. The information provided herein cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of this product and the same is simply a description of the security requirements. The use, occupational methodology and/or conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control. It is ultimately the responsibility of the user(s) to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information of this SDS only refers to this product, which should not be used for purposes other than those specified. Finally, the manner in which this product is used and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user(s).