




## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** KMK 8120 BASECOAT JET BLACK
- Other means of identification:**
- UFI:** C8M5-RPR8-200D-2RMX
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
- Relevant uses (Professional users): Pigmented paste  
Relevant uses (Industrial user): Pigmented paste  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
- Kimakem srl  
Via Don G. Fortuna 82  
36050 Monteviale - Vicenza - Italia  
Phone: +39 0444 1220020  
info@kimakem.com  
<https://www.kmk-refinish.com>
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +39 0444 1220020 (Monday to Friday 8:30 -17:30 GMT +1:00)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**
- Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
- Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412  
Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319  
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226  
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315  
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373  
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336  
STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335
- 2.2 Label elements:**
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**
- Warning**
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- Hazard statements:**
- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements:**
- P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/respiratory protection/eye protection/protective footwear.  
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.  
P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.
- Substances that contribute to the classification**
- N-butyl acetate; Xylene; Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics; 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

**UFI:** C8M5-RPR8-200D-2RMX

### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

### 3.1 Substance:

Not relevant

### 3.2 Mixture:

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives, pigments and resins in solvents

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 Index: 607-025-00-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	<b>N-butyl acetate<sup>(1)</sup></b>	ATP CLP00	25 - <50 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	<b>Xylene<sup>(1)</sup></b>	Self-classified	10 - <25 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35-XXXX	<b>Ethylbenzene<sup>(1)</sup></b>	Self-classified	5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger	
CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3 Index: 607-038-00-2 REACH: 01-2119475112-47-XXXX	<b>2-butoxyethyl acetate<sup>(1)</sup></b>	ATP CLP00	2,5 - <5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Warning	
CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: Not relevant Index: Not relevant REACH: Not relevant	<b>Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics<sup>(1)</sup></b>	Self-classified	2,5 - <5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 68002-21-1 EC: Not relevant Index: Not relevant REACH: Not relevant	<b>Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated<sup>(1)</sup></b>	Self-classified	1 - <2,5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 4: H413	
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 Index: 607-195-00-7 REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	<b>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate<sup>(1)</sup></b>	Self-classified	1 - <2,5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	
CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6 Index: 603-004-00-6 REACH: 01-2119484630-38-XXXX	<b>butan-1-ol<sup>(1)</sup></b>	ATP CLP00	1 - <2,5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	
CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0 Index: 603-108-00-1 REACH: 01-2119484609-23-XXXX	<b>2-methylpropan-1-ol<sup>(1)</sup></b>	ATP CLP00	1 - <2,5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	
CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 Index: 603-064-00-3 REACH: 01-2119457435-35-XXXX	<b>1-methoxy-2-propanol<sup>(2)</sup></b>	ATP ATP01	0,3 - <0,5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

<sup>(2)</sup> Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\* (continued)

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8 Index: 605-001-00-5 REACH: 01-2119488953-20-XXXX	<b>Formaldehyde<sup>(2)</sup></b> ATP ATP06 Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Carc. 1B: H350; Muta. 2: H341; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger	<b>0,01 - &lt;0,1 %</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

<sup>(2)</sup> Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

#### Other information:

Identification	Specific concentration limit
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	% (w/w) ≥25: Skin Corr. 1B - H314 5 ≤ % (w/w) <25: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 % (w/w) ≥25: Eye Dam. 1 - H318 5 ≤ % (w/w) <25: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 % (w/w) ≥0,2: Skin Sens. 1 - H317 % (w/w) ≥5: STOT SE 3 - H335

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity	Genus
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	Not relevant
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17 mg/L
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LD50 oral	Not relevant
	LD50 dermal	Not relevant
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17,2 mg/L
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	LD50 oral	800 mg/kg
	LD50 dermal	Not relevant
	LC50 inhalation vapour	Not relevant
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	LD50 oral	Not relevant
	LD50 dermal	1580 mg/kg
	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg
	LC50 inhalation vapour	3 mg/L

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

##### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

##### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

##### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

##### By ingestion/aspiration:

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

#### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

#### A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

#### B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

#### C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

#### D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

#### A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 35 °C

#### B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
1-methoxy-2-propanol <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	568 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylbenzene <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IOELV (STEL)	200 ppm	884 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	241 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	723 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-butoxyethyl acetate <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	IOELV (8h)	20 ppm	133 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IOELV (STEL)	50 ppm	333 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Formaldehyde <sup>(2)</sup> CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	IOELV (8h)	0,3 ppm	0,37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IOELV (STEL)	0,6 ppm	0,74 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate <sup>(1)</sup> CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

<sup>(1)</sup> Skin  
<sup>(2)</sup> Dermal sensitisation

**DNEL (Workers):**

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	180 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	120 mg/kg	Not relevant	169 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	333 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	133 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: Not relevant	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	25 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	796 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	183 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	553,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	553,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	240 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	0,75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**DNEL (General population):**

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	2 mg/kg	Not relevant	2 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Not relevant	6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	35,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	35,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	Oral	36 mg/kg	Not relevant	8,6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	72 mg/kg	Not relevant	102 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	80 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: Not relevant	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	36 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	320 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,562 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	3,125 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	55,357 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	155 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	33 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	78 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	43,9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	4,1 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	102 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	3,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**PNEC:**

Identification					
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	STP	35,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,18 mg/L	
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg	Marine water	0,018 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,981 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,098 mg/kg	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L	
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	STP	9,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,1 mg/L	
	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,01 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	13,7 mg/kg	
	Oral	0,02 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg	
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	STP	90 mg/L	Fresh water	0,304 mg/L	
	Soil	0,415 mg/kg	Marine water	0,03 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,56 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	2,03 mg/kg	
	Oral	0,06 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,203 mg/kg	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L	
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,064 mg/L	
	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg	
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	STP	2476 mg/L	Fresh water	0,082 mg/L	
	Soil	0,017 mg/kg	Marine water	0,008 mg/L	
	Intermittent	2,25 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,324 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,032 mg/kg	
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	STP	10 mg/L	Fresh water	0,4 mg/L	
	Soil	0,076 mg/kg	Marine water	0,04 mg/L	
	Intermittent	11 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	1,56 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,156 mg/kg	
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	10 mg/L	
	Soil	4,59 mg/kg	Marine water	1 mg/L	
	Intermittent	100 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	52,3 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	5,2 mg/kg	

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)



Identification				
Formaldehyde	STP	0,19 mg/L	Fresh water	0,44 mg/L
CAS: 50-00-0	Soil	0,2 mg/kg	Marine water	0,44 mg/L
EC: 200-001-8	Intermittent	4,44 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	2,3 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	2,3 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls:



#### A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

#### B.- Respiratory protection



Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A)	 CAT III	EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

#### C.- Specific protection for the hands





Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	 CAT III	EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### D.- Eye and face protection



Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	 CAT II	EN 166:2002 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

#### E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	 CAT III	EN 1149-1:2007 EN 1149-2:1998 EN 1149-3:2004 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2018	Limited protection against flames.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	 CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2022	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

#### F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

### Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

### Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	69,44 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	661,07 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (661,07 g/L)
Average carbon number:	6,87
Average molecular weight:	114,23 g/mol

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

#### Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Fluid
Colour:	<input type="checkbox"/> White
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

#### Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	134 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	1302 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	5889,17 Pa (5,89 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *

#### Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	952 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 20 °C:	0,95
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Not relevant *
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *

#### Flammability:

Flash Point:	27 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	265 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *

#### Particle characteristics:

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Median equivalent diameter: Not relevant \*

### 9.2 Other information:

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties: Not relevant \*

Oxidising properties: Not relevant \*

Corrosive to metals: Not relevant \*

Heat of combustion: Not relevant \*

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Not relevant \*

#### Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C: Not relevant \*

Refraction index: Not relevant \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health.

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with carcinogenic effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with mutagenic effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:
 

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness. Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:
 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

### Other information:

Not relevant

### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17 mg/L	Rat
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: Not relevant	LD50 oral	>3492 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	>20 mg/L	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17,2 mg/L	Rat
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	23,4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	LD50 oral	800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	3430 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	24 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	LD50 oral	2820 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1580 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated CAS: 68002-21-1 EC: Not relevant	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	>20 mg/L	
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	LD50 oral	3350 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	2460 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	24,6 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	>20 mg/L	
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	3 mg/L	

### Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	6838,13 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
Dermal	5309,57 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
LC50 inhalation vapour	56,97 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	0 %

### 11.2 Information on other hazards:

#### Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

#### Other information

Not relevant

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.1 Toxicity:

#### Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LC50	Not relevant		
	EC50	Not relevant		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LC50	42,3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	LC50	80 mg/L (48 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
	EC50	37 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	500 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: Not relevant	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
	EC50	Not relevant		

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	LC50 1740 mg/L (96 h) EC50 1983 mg/L (48 h) EC50 500 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas Daphnia magna Scenedesmus subspicatus	Fish Crustacean Algae
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	LC50 2030 mg/L (96 h) EC50 1439 mg/L (48 h) EC50 1250 mg/L (48 h)	Carassius auratus Daphnia magna Scenedesmus subspicatus	Fish Crustacean Algae
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	LC50 20800 mg/L (96 h) EC50 23300 mg/L (48 h) EC50 1000 mg/L (168 h)	Pimephales promelas Daphnia magna Selenastrum capricornutum	Fish Crustacean Algae
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	LC50 100 mg/L (96 h) EC50 42 mg/L (24 h) EC50 Not relevant	Lepomis macrochirus Daphnia magna	Fish Crustacean

### Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	NOEC Not relevant NOEC 23,2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	NOEC 1,3 mg/L NOEC 1,17 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss Ceriodaphnia dubia	Fish Crustacean
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	NOEC Not relevant NOEC 0,96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	NOEC 47,5 mg/L NOEC 100 mg/L	Oryzias latipes Daphnia magna	Fish Crustacean
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	NOEC Not relevant NOEC 4,1 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	NOEC Not relevant NOEC 20 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	NOEC Not relevant NOEC 6,4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

### Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability	Biodegradability
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BOD5 Not relevant COD Not relevant BOD5/COD Not relevant	Concentration Not relevant Period 5 days % Biodegradable 84 %
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BOD5 Not relevant COD Not relevant BOD5/COD Not relevant	Concentration Not relevant Period 28 days % Biodegradable 88 %
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	BOD5 Not relevant COD Not relevant BOD5/COD Not relevant	Concentration 100 mg/L Period 14 days % Biodegradable 90 %
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	BOD5 Not relevant COD Not relevant BOD5/COD Not relevant	Concentration 30 mg/L Period 28 days % Biodegradable 77,3 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	BOD5 Not relevant COD Not relevant BOD5/COD Not relevant	Concentration 785 mg/L Period 8 days % Biodegradable 100 %
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	BOD5 1,71 g O2/g COD 2,46 g O2/g BOD5/COD 0,7	Concentration Not relevant Period 19 days % Biodegradable 98 %
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	BOD5 0,4 g O2/g COD 2,41 g O2/g BOD5/COD 0,17	Concentration 100 mg/L Period 14 days % Biodegradable 90 %

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	90 %
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	92 %

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

#### Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BCF	4
	Pow Log	1.78
	Potential	Low
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	BCF	1
	Pow Log	3.15
	Potential	Low
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	BCF	3
	Pow Log	1.51
	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.43
	Potential	Low
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.88
	Potential	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1 EC: 201-148-0	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.76
	Potential	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.44
	Potential	Low
Formaldehyde CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.35
	Potential	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	2,478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Koc	520	Henry	798,44 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,859E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	5,532E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	Koc	2.44	Henry	5,39E-2 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,567E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
CAS: 78-83-1	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
EC: 201-148-0	Surface tension	2,378E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant
Formaldehyde	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
CAS: 50-00-0	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
EC: 200-001-8	Surface tension	1,416E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

#### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
 Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
 Special regulations: 163, 367, 650  
 Tunnel restriction code: D/E  
 Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
 Limited quantities: 5 L  
**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:

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## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
Segregation group: Not relevant  
**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
**Labels:** 3  
**14.4 Packing group:** III  
**14.5 Environmental hazards:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION \*\*

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: *Formaldehyde (50-00-0) - PT: (2,3,22)*
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

#### Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

#### Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Laboral exposure to respirable crystalline silica must be controlled in accordance with Directive (EU) 2022/431, of the European Parliament and of the Council, of March 9, 2022, amending Directive 2004/37/EC, relating to the protection of workers against risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens during work.

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

*\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version*

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

### Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3):

- Removed substances  
Silicon dioxide (RCS < 1%) (7631-86-9)

REGULATORY INFORMATION (SECTION 15):

- Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....)

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 4: H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 1B: H350 - May cause cancer.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Muta. 2: H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Classification procedure:

STOT SE 3: Calculation method

STOT SE 3: Calculation method

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method

STOT RE 2: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

### Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

### Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>  
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road  
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon  
UFI: unique formula identifier  
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -