

KMK 80600 SKUDO 2K BED LINER AND PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK

Version	Revision Date:
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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	KMK 80600 SKUDO 2K BED LINER AND PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK
1.2 Relevant identified uses of t Use of the	the su	Ibstance or mixture and uses advised against
Substance/Mixture	-	Stonechip
Recommended restrictions on use	:	For use in industrial installations or professional treatment only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	:	Kimakem srl Via Don G. Fortuna 82 36050 Monteviale-Vicenza Italia
Telephone	:	+34 915726606
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	info@kimakem.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+34 915726606 (9:00-14:00 / 16:00-19:00 h) KIMAKEM IBERICA (Spain) (GMT +1:00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1	H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



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2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (E Hazard pictograms	E C) :	No 1272/2008)
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention:P210Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.No smoking.P233Keep container tightly closed.P260Do not breathe vapours.P260Do not breathe spray.P280Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eyeprotection/ face protection.
		Response: P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
		Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

xylene (mixture of isomers) 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane Reaction product of pentamethyl-piperidyl sebacate

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Paint



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		
	Registration number		
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 10 - < 20
	215-535-7	Acute Tox. 4; H332	
	601-022-00-9	Acute Tox. 4; H312	
	01-2119488216-32	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
		Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
		STOT RE 2; H373	
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
acetone	67-64-1	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	>= 10 - < 20
	200-662-2	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
	606-001-00-8	STOT SE 3; H336	
	01-2119471330-49	EUH066	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	Aquatic Acute 1;	>= 2.5 - < 10
	231-944-3	H400	
	030-011-00-6	Aquatic Chronic 1;	
	01-2119485044-40	H410	
mixture of: N,N'-ethane-1,2-	Not Assigned	Aquatic Chronic 4;	>= 1 - < 2.5
diylbis(hexanamide); 12-hydroxy-	432-430-3	H413	
N-[2-[(1-	01-0000017860-69		
oxyhexyl)amino]ethyl]octadecana			
mide; N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-			
hydroxyoctadecanamide)			
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 1 - < 10
	204-658-1	STOT SE 3; H336	
	607-025-00-1	EUH066	
	01-2119485493-29		
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	919-30-2	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 0.1 - < 1
	213-048-4	Skin Corr. 1B; H314	
	01-2119480479-24	Skin Sens. 1; H317	
Reaction product of pentamethyl-	1065336-91-5	Skin Sens. 1A; H317	>= 0.25 - < 1
piperidyl sebacate	915-687-0	Aquatic Acute 1;	
	01-2119491304-40	H400	
		Aquatic Chronic 1;	
		H410	
Substances with a workplace expos			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 1 - < 10
	203-603-9	STOT SE 3; H336	
	607-195-00-7		
	01-2119475791-29		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.



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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice : Move out of dangerous area. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Do not leave the victim unattended. If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician. In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes. In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist. If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital. 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed **Symptoms** : Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms: Headache Dizziness Fatique Weakness Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms: Redness Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms:

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Nausea Vomiting Diarrhoea

Treatment

: No information available.

Abdominal pain



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing medi	a :	Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from	m the	substance or mixture
Specific hazards during	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting

Specific hazards during firefighting Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Hazardous combustion products No hazardous combustion products are known **5.3 Advice for firefighters** Special protective equipment for firefighters Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.	
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Prevent product from entering drains.	

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling :	 Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. 			
Advice on protection against : fire and explosion	Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.			
Hygiene measures :	When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.			
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities				
Requirements for storage : areas and containers	No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well- ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.			
Storage period :	12 Months			



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	Further information storage stability	on :	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
7.3	Specific end use(s) Specific use(s)	:	For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis				
xylene (mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	GB EH40				
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.							
		STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40				
Further information			ne assigned substances are to systemic sorption will lead to systemic					
		TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC				
Further information	Identifies the		ant uptake through the skin,	Indicative				
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC				
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of signification	ant uptake through the skin,	Indicative				
acetone	67-64-1	TWA	500 ppm 1,210 mg/m3	2000/39/EC				
Further information	Indicative		• •	•				
		TWA	500 ppm 1,210 mg/m3	GB EH40				
		STEL	1,500 ppm 3,620 mg/m3	GB EH40				
Talc	14807-96-6	TWA (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m3	GB EH40				
Further information	fractions of ai in accordance sampling and defined as the including chlo amphibole as substance ha concentration inhalable dus	rborne dust which w e with the methods d gravimetric analysis e mineral talc togethe orite and carbonate n bestos and crystallin zardous to health ind in air equal to or great t or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour	espirable dust and inhalable ill be collected when samplin escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable er with other hydrous phyllos naterials which occur with it, e silica., The COSHH definit cludes dust of any kind when eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. Thi <u>1 if people are exposed above</u>	g is undertak eral methods f dust, Talc is ilicates but excluding ion of a present at a TWA of s means that				



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calcium carbonate Further information	Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguish two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirabl Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters i nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits shoul be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used 471-34-1 TWA (Inhalable) 10 mg/m3 GB EH40 For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are thos fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertak in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.r 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory syst and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the pa	a se hes le'., the n ld se ken for m-3 tem hed the e
	TWA 4 mg/m3 GB EH40 (Respirable)	
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are thos fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertak in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.r 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition	ken for



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	and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used
	TWA (inhalable 10 mg/m3 GB EH40 dust)
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used
	TWA (Respirable 4 mg/m3 GB EH40 dust)
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system



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	and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used					
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm 724 mg/m3	GB EH40		
		STEL	200 ppm 966 mg/m3	GB EH40		
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative					
		STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative				
		TWA	50 ppm 274 mg/m3	GB EH40		
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.					
		STEL	100 ppm 548 mg/m3	GB EH40		
Further information	Can be absorbed through skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.					
Pigment Black 7	1333-86-4	TWA	3.5 mg/m3	GB EH40		
		STEL	7 mg/m3	GB EH40		

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
acetone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1210 mg/m
calcium carbonate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	10 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	480 mg/m3
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	275 mg/m3



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8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment				
Eye protection	:	Eye wash bottle with pure water Tightly fitting safety goggles		
Hand protection Material	:	Solvent-resistant gloves		
Skin and body protection	:	Impervious clothing Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.		
Respiratory protection	:	In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	paste		
Colour	:	black		
Odour	:	characteristic		
рН	:	Not applicable		
Melting point/range	:	not determined		
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined		
Flash point	:	-18 °C Method: ISO 1523, closed cup Setaflash		
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined		
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	not determined		
Vapour pressure	:	not determined		
Density	:	1.11 g/cm3		
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	immiscible		
Auto-ignition temperature		not determined		
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Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	375,000 mPa.s (20 °C) Method: ISO 2555
Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20.5 mm2/s (40 °C)

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

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No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	actions				
Hazardous reactions	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.				
	Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.				
10.4 Conditions to avoid					
Conditions to avoid	: Heat, flames and sparks.				
10.5 Incompatible materials					
Materials to avoid	: Strong acids and oxidizing agents				
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products				
Hazardous decomposition products					
SECTION 11: Toxicological ir	formation				
11.1 Information on toxicologica	I effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product:					
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h				

Product:	
Acute inhalation toxicity	 Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
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Method: Calculation method

xylene (mixture of isomers):		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 4,300 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 22.08 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate
acetone:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 76 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 15,800 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
trizinc bis(orthophosphate):		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.41 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
n-butyl acetate:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 10,768 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 23.4 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 17,600 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402



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Reaction product of pentam Acute oral toxicity	ethy :	yl-piperidyl sebacate: LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,230 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ac	etat	e:
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 8,532 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 35.7 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Assessment

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity -	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Assessment		



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Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Assessment

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

xylene (mixture of isomers):

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 14 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 16 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Algae): > 10 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
acetone:		
 Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 5,540 mg/l



aquatic invertebrate trizinc bis(orthopho Toxicity to fish Toxicity to daphnia a aquatic invertebrate Toxicity to algae		Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 12,100 mg/l
aquatic invertebrate trizinc bis(orthopho Toxicity to fish Toxicity to daphnia a aquatic invertebrate Toxicity to algae		
Toxicity to fish Toxicity to daphnia a aquatic invertebrate Toxicity to algae		Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to fish Toxicity to daphnia a aquatic invertebrate Toxicity to algae	osphate):	
aquatic invertebrate	:	LC50 (Fish): 0.27 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
		EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 0.14 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
	:	EC50 (Algae): 0.26 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
n-butyl acetate:		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 18 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia a aquatic invertebrate		EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 32 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Algae): 675 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Reaction product o	f pentamethy	/l-piperidyl sebacate:
Toxicity to fish		LC50 (Fish): 0.9 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia a aquatic invertebrate		EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 20 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Algae): 1.68 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
2-methoxy-1-methy		
Toxicity to fish	lethyl acetat	e:



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			Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
	Toxicity to daphnia aquatic invertebrat		EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 408 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
	Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Algae): 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
12.2	Persistence and d No data available	egradability	
12.3	Bioaccumulative p No data available	ootential	
12.4	Mobility in soil No data available		
12.5	Results of PBT an	d vPvB asses	sment
	Product: Assessment	:	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher
12.6	Other adverse effe	ects	
	Product:		
	Additional ecologic information	al :	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
SEC	CTION 13: Dispos	al considera	tions
13.1	Waste treatment n	nethods	
	Product	:	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.
	Contaminated pact	kaging :	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.



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SECTION 14: Transport inform	ati	on
14.1 UN number		
IMDG	:	UN 1263
IATA (Cargo)	:	UN 1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name		
ADR	:	
IMDG	:	PAINT
IATA (Cargo)	:	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR	:	3
IMDG	:	3
IATA (Cargo)	:	3
14.4 Packing group		
ADR Packing group Classification Code Hazard Identification Number Labels Tunnel restriction code IMDG Packing group Labels	:	II F1 33 3 (D/E) II 3
EmS Code		Б F-E, <u>S-E</u>
IATA (Cargo) Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)		364
Packing instruction (LQ) Packing group Labels	:	Y341 II Flammable Liquids
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR Environmentally hazardous	:	yes
IMDG Marine pollutant	:	yes
14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable		



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14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c	3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Quantity 1 5.000 t	Quantity 2 50,000 t
r JC			3,000 (30,000 (
Volatile organic compounds	:	470 g/l		
Directive 2004/42/EC	:	Special finishes (840 g/l)		

Other regulations:

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

EUH066:H225:H226:H302:H304:H312:H315:H317:H322:H335:H336:H373:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 :	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 :	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of other abbreviations



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Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	:	Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	:	Chronic aquatic toxicity
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit.	:	Eve irritation
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Skin Corr.	:	Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first
		list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information



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	key data used to : e Safety Data	http://echa.eu	uropa.eu, http://eur-lex.europa.eu
Classification of the mixture:		Classification procedure:	
Flam. Liq.	2 H2	25	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2	H3	15	Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2	H3	19	Calculation method
Skin Sens.	1 H3	17	Based on product data or assessment
STOT RE	1 H3	73	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Ch	ronic 2 H4	11	Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN
